

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 657

BY SENATORS MARONEY AND NELSON

[Originating in the Committee on Banking and
Insurance; reported on February 21, 2023]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §33-15A-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
2 to requirements for long term care insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 15A. WEST VIRGINIA LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE ACT.

§33-15A-6. Disclosure and performance standards for long-term care insurance.

1 (a) The commissioner may adopt rules that include standards for full and fair disclosure
2 setting forth the manner, content and required disclosures for the sale of long-term care insurance
3 policies, terms of renewability, initial and subsequent conditions of eligibility, nonduplication of
4 coverage provisions, coverage of dependents, preexisting conditions, termination of insurance,
5 continuation or conversion, probationary periods, limitations, exceptions, reductions, elimination
6 periods, requirements for replacement, recurrent conditions, and definitions of terms.

7 (b) No long-term care insurance policy may:

8 (1) Be canceled, nonrenewed or otherwise terminated on the grounds of the age or the
9 deterioration of the mental or physical health of the insured individual or certificate holder;

10 (2) Contain a provision establishing a new waiting period ~~in the event~~ if existing coverage
11 is converted to or replaced by a new or other form within the same company, except with respect
12 to an increase in benefits voluntarily selected by the insured individual or group policyholder; ~~or~~

13 (3) Provide coverage for skilled nursing care only or provide significantly more coverage
14 for skilled care in a facility than coverage for lower levels of care; or

15 (4) Unless the insurance provides clear notice in bold type no smaller than 14 point each
16 time the insurance is delivered, executed, issued, amended, adjusted, or renewed:

17 (A) Limit coverage to facility-based care only, or refuse to pay benefits for home-based or
18 community-based care;

19 (B) Provide more benefits for facility-based care than for home-based or community-based
20 care; or

21 (C) Require facility-based care as a prerequisite to paying benefits for home-based or
22 community-based care: *Provided*, That no long-term care insurance policy is required to pay for
23 home-based or community-based care that is more costly than facility-based care unless the
24 insurance policy provides such a benefit.

25 (c) Preexisting condition:

26 (1) No long-term care insurance policy or certificate other than a policy or certificate
27 thereunder issued to a group as defined in §33-15A-4(e)(1) of this code ~~shall~~ may use a definition
28 of "preexisting condition" that is more restrictive than the following: Preexisting condition means
29 a condition for which medical advice or treatment was recommended by, or received from, a
30 provider of health care services within six months preceding the effective date of coverage of an
31 insured person.

32 (2) No long-term care insurance policy or certificate other than a policy or certificate
33 thereunder issued to a group as defined in §33-15A-4(e)(1) of this code may exclude coverage
34 for a loss or confinement that is the result of a preexisting condition unless loss or confinement
35 begins within six months following the effective date of coverage of an insured person.

36 (3) The commissioner may extend the limitation periods set forth in subdivision (1) and
37 (2), subsection (c) of this section as to specific age group categories in specific policy forms upon
38 findings that the extension is in the best interest of the public.

39 (4) The definition of "preexisting condition" does not prohibit an insurer from using an
40 application form designed to elicit the complete health history of an applicant, and, on the basis
41 of the answers on that application, from underwriting in accordance with that insurer's established
42 underwriting standards. Unless otherwise provided in the policy or certificate, a preexisting
43 condition, regardless of whether it is disclosed on the application, need not be covered until the
44 waiting period described in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section expires. No long-term
45 care insurance policy or certificate may exclude or use waivers or riders of any kind to exclude,
46 limit or reduce coverage or benefits for specifically named or described preexisting diseases or

47 physical conditions beyond the waiting period described in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this
48 section.

49 (d) Prior hospitalization/institutionalization:

50 (1) No long-term care insurance policy may be delivered or issued for delivery in this state
51 if the policy:

52 (A) Conditions eligibility for any benefits on a prior hospitalization requirement;

53 (B) Conditions eligibility for benefits provided in an institutional care setting on the receipt
54 of a higher level of institutional care; or

55 (C) Conditions eligibility for any benefits other than waiver of premium, post-confinement,
56 post-acute care, or recuperative benefits on a prior institutionalization requirement.

57 (2)(A) A long-term care insurance policy containing post-confinement, post-acute care, or
58 recuperative benefits shall clearly label in a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate entitled
59 "Limitations or Conditions on Eligibility for Benefits" such limitations or conditions, including any
60 required number of days of confinement.

61 (B) A long-term care insurance policy or rider that conditions eligibility of noninstitutional
62 benefits on the prior receipt of institutional care ~~shall~~ may not require a prior institutional stay of
63 more than 30 days.

64 (3) No long-term care insurance policy or rider that provides benefits only following
65 institutionalization ~~shall~~ may condition such benefits upon admission to a facility for the same or
66 related conditions within a period of less than 30 days after discharge from the institution.

67 (e) The commissioner may adopt rules establishing loss ratio standards for long-term care
68 insurance policies provided that a specific reference to long-term care insurance policies is
69 contained in the rule.

70 (f) Right to return - free look:

71 (1) Long-term care insurance applicants shall have the right to return the policy or
72 certificate within 30 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of

73 the policy or certificate, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason. Long-term care insurance
74 policies and certificates shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached
75 thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall have the right to return the policy or certificate
76 within 30 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy
77 or certificate, other than a certificate issued pursuant to a policy issued to a group defined in §33-
78 15A-4(e)(1) of this code, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason.

79 (2) This subsection shall also apply to denials of applications and any refund must be
80 made within 30 days of the return or denial.

81 (g) Outline of coverage:

82 (1) An outline of coverage shall be delivered to a prospective applicant for long-term care
83 insurance at the time of initial solicitation through means that prominently direct the attention of
84 the recipient to the document and its purpose.

85 (A) The commissioner shall prescribe a standard format, including style, arrangement and
86 overall appearance, and the content of an outline of coverage.

87 (B) In the case of agent solicitations, an agent must deliver the outline of coverage prior
88 to the presentation of an application or enrollment form.

89 (C) In the case of direct response solicitations, the outline of coverage must be presented
90 in conjunction with any application or enrollment form.

91 (D) In the case of a policy issued to a group defined in §33-15A-4(e)(1) of this code, an
92 outline of coverage shall not be required to be delivered, provided that the information described
93 in paragraphs (A) through (F), inclusive, subdivision (2) of this subsection is contained in other
94 materials relating to enrollment. Upon request, these other materials shall be made available to
95 the commissioner.

96 (2) The outline of coverage shall include:

97 (A) A description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy;

98 (B) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions, and limitations contained in the
99 policy;

100 (C) A statement of the terms under which the policy or certificate, or both, may be
101 continued in force or discontinued, including any reservation in the policy of a right to change
102 premium. Continuation or conversion provisions of group coverage shall be specifically described;

103 (D) A statement that the outline of coverage is a summary only, not a contract of insurance,
104 and that the policy or group master policy contain governing contractual provisions;

105 (E) A description of the terms under which the policy or certificate may be returned and
106 premium refunded;

107 (F) A brief description of the relationship of cost of care and benefits; and

108 (G) A statement that discloses to the policyholder or certificate holder whether the policy
109 is intended to be a federally tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract under Section
110 7702(B)(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

111 (h) A certificate issued pursuant to a group long-term care insurance policy that is
112 delivered or issued for delivery in this state shall include:

113 (1) A description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy;

114 (2) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions and limitations contained in the
115 policy; and

116 (3) A statement that the group master policy determines governing contractual provisions.

117 (i) If an applicant for a long-term care insurance contract or certificate is approved, the
118 issuer shall deliver the contract or certificate of insurance to the applicant no later than 30 days
119 after the date of approval.

120 (j) At the time of policy delivery, a policy summary shall be delivered for an individual life
121 insurance policy that provides long-term care benefits within the policy or by rider. In the case of
122 direct response solicitations, the insurer shall deliver the policy summary upon the applicant's

123 request, but regardless of request shall make delivery no later than at the time of policy delivery.

124 In addition to complying with all applicable requirements, the summary shall also include:

125 (1) An explanation of how the long-term care benefit interacts with other components of
126 the policy, including deductions from death benefits;

127 (2) An illustration of the amount of benefits, the length of benefit, and the guaranteed
128 lifetime benefits if any, for each covered person;

129 (3) Any exclusions, reductions and limitations on benefits of long-term care;

130 (4) A statement that any long-term care inflation protection option required by section eight
131 of the commissioner's rule relating to long-term care insurance is not available under this policy;

132 and

133 (5) If applicable to the policy type, the summary shall also include:

134 (A) A disclosure of the effects of exercising other rights under the policy;

135 (B) A disclosure of guarantees related to long-term care costs of insurance charges; and

136 (C) Current and projected maximum lifetime benefits.

137 (k) Any time a long-term care benefit, funded through a life insurance vehicle by the
138 acceleration of the death benefit, is in benefit payment status, a monthly report shall be provided
139 to the policyholder. The report shall include:

140 (1) Any long-term care benefits paid out during the month;

141 (2) An explanation of any changes in the policy, for example death benefits or cash values,
142 due to long-term care benefits being paid out; and

143 (3) The amount of long-term care benefits existing or remaining.

144 (l) If a claim under a long-term care insurance contract is denied, the issuer shall, within
145 60 days of the date of a written request by the policyholder or certificate holder, or a representative
146 thereof:

147 (1) Provide a written explanation of the reasons for the denial; and

148 (2) Make available all information directly related to the denial.

149 (m) Any policy or rider advertised, marketed, or offered as long-term care or nursing home
150 insurance shall comply with the provisions of this article: Provided, That the requirements imposed
151 by subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of this section shall apply to all policies or riders that are
152 delivered, executed, issued, amended, adjusted, or renewed on or after July 1, 2023.